

AN OPEN DOOR.

One of the Great Metropolitan Dailies Opens Its Columns to a Discussion of Economic Questions.

Among the greatest difficulties besetting the way and most serious obstacles impeding the triumphant progress of the reform movement are the vindictive hostility of the several press associations and the attitude and policy of the metropolitan press. The press associations seem to have entered into a conspiracy of silence and studiously ignore all important news concerning the great political revolution that is rapidly taking place; while the newspapers, in handling what news concerning the reform movement they receive by wire, mendaciously misrepresent such news, even to the extent of making the headlines give the lie to the subject matter of the item itself.

But worse than all this, the columns of the daily papers are, as a rule, denied to economic reformers, while their editorial writers combat reform in each and every issue. This state of affairs makes it well nigh impossible to reach, with the gospel of reform, the thousands, nay, millions of readers who never see a reform newspaper, although there are a thousand, more or less, of such papers, having a circulation in every state of the union. Within the past few months, however, one of the best metropolitan dailies, the Chicago Inter Ocean has inaugurated a new policy, and has opened its columns to a presentation of the prominent living issues of the day, and has invited and solicited communications from all alliance and people's party writers. Mr. Nixon, the editor-in-chief of the paper, is a broad-gauged man, who is a truth-seeker and his ideas are such that if the republican party cannot meet and refute the arguments of the people's party, the republican party must be wrong and the people's party must be right, and that the quicker it is found out the better it will be for all concerned. Mr. E. M. Easley, editor of the economic department, is in favor of giving the advocates of reform a fair show and opening the columns of his department to a full, free and fair discussion of the questions involved.

Of course the Inter Ocean is a radical republican paper and in all probability will not be converted from the error of its ways, but will continue, editorially, to ridicule and oppose reform measures and belittles and misrepresents the people's movement. But this matters not, and is neither here nor there. Truth is mighty and will prevail. Not all of the Inter Ocean's thousands of readers are bigoted fools or intolerant partisans; indeed, it may reasonably be presumed that the great majority of them are as intelligent and honest as the thousands of people's party voters in Kansas, Nebraska, Minnesota and the Dakotas, who only three years ago were radical, uncompromising republicans. These individuals, because of the fair and generous policy of the Inter Ocean, will see both sides, and having learned the truth, will by such truth be made free from blind and intolerant partisan ties.

Let these alliance and people's party writers send to R. M. Easley, economic editor, articles treating of the sub-treasury plan, the land-currency plan, the graded income tax, governmental banking and ownership of railroads, but make no mistakes and be sure you are right before you write.

GEORGE C. WARD.

In the Inter Ocean of April 21st the following communications appeared on banks and banking:

Senator Peffer's Plan.

UNITED STATES SENATE, J. WASHINGTON, D. C. March 18. Replying to your recent inquiry dated the 15th instant in relation to the proposed plan of national bank circulation, I have to say that in my own judgment the best substitute is what the people of Kansas favored fourteen years ago, namely, United States notes, commonly called greenbacks, for as you know, national bank notes are redeemable in United States notes. I think it would be well to abolish the whole system of bank notes. No banking institution should be permitted to issue anything which is to be used as legal tender money unless the issue is supported by the power and the credit of the government, and the material used, whatever it may be, should be redeemable in anything. It ought to go out to the people as money, full-bodied, ready for duty, without any weight or impediment or conditions of any sort, whatever. What we are in money should be absolutely free from all conditions, so that there could be no "runs" on banks in time of stringency, and no panics because debtors are unable to obtain legal tender money. I believe that the time has come to nationalize our money. We took one long step in that direction when we adopted our national banking system. We taxed state bank notes out of existence, substituted a national currency for a purely local currency, and it was only a short time after embarking in this new enterprise until we discovered that the bankers of the country were masters of the financial situation. We find that instead of serving the people they served themselves. In 1862 there were \$100,000,000 of bank note circulation. Since that time about \$200,000,000 of it has been retired, not because the people did not need the money, but because the banks realized a profit from the sale of their bonds at a premium—the bonds that they had deposited as security for circulation. Our experience and that of other nations has been that banking corporations are private schemes for profit to individual persons, and our observation has taught us that there is only one safe way to avoid the dangers to which that sort of financial management subjects us; that is, for the nation itself to prepare its own money, every dollar of it; issue it to the people directly through government agencies, wholly without the aid and intervention of banking corporations or other private agencies.

You understand from the foregoing that I would not only substitute United States notes, or treasury notes, if you choose, for national bank notes as they are being retired, but I would substitute that sort of money for all bank issues; and I would do even more than that; I would not make money out of a promise to pay; that is to say, I would not write out a promise to pay and call that promise money, but I would use a piece of paper just as we now use a piece of gold or a piece of silver, and make that money, providing in the law what its functions shall be. That puts the influence, the credit, and the power of all the people behind the money. Then we will have gold and silver and paper at par one with the other, and that, if we will reduce rates of interest down to the level of profit on labor, so that men can make as much money farming or blacksmithing or carpentering as they can by lending money, will give us a safe currency, a sound financial system, and no more money panics. Yours truly, W. A. PEFFER.

George C. Ward's Views.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 12. I am in receipt of your favor of the 8th inst., in which you ask me to give my views upon the following question: "In view of the fact that the present bonds, upon which rests the national bank circulation, are being retired, what do you recommend as a substitute therefor?" I am deeply sensible of the honor you do me in thus asking for my views, but should feel seriously afraid that such views would prove to be too radical for publication in your columns.

were it not for the fact that your letter ends with these sentences: "What we want on these questions is intelligent discussion and not abuse. A full and free investigation of any question can harm no one."

Now as to the question in point. I might answer it by simply writing the one word—"nothing." But while aware of the fact that to the editor of a department in a metropolitan daily, "nothing" is the soul of wit, I am also conscious that this answer would be too brief to be satisfactory. I will therefore briefly air my views.

1. As the national bank currency is retired from circulation, I would replace such currency with United States paper bills differing, however, from the present treasury notes. In that instead of being promises to pay, they should be promises to receive, for all debts, public and private. A promise to receive, on the part of the people, is the essence of legal tender. Although not relevant to the question, I will state that the owners of gold and silver bullion, now stored in the United States treasury vaults, should be called upon to take such bullion into their own keeping, and the gold and silver certificates and treasury notes issued therefore be replaced with the people's promises to receive.

2. I would now establish a system of banks, national in fact and not in name only, the officials of which should be bonded government employees, putting a bank or banks in every city and town demanding the same.

3. These banks should receive the deposits of the people and be responsible for their safe keeping, and might pay, upon time deposits, a rate of interest not to exceed ten per cent, and loan such deposits to the people upon real estate and such other security as is now considered safe and ample by the present banks, at a rate of interest equal to that paid depositors, and the expense of the banking system added thereto. These banks should be, in the fullest sense, banks of deposit, loans, discount and exchange.

Now permit me to point out the advantages such a system would possess over the present system.

I shall premise by asserting that the credit of the whole people, or government, is superior to the credit of any banking corporations that can be organized. After deducting the legal bank reserves, gold and silver coin carried abroad and used in the arts, and paper money lost and destroyed, there can not be in the hands of the people in actual circulation more than \$600,000,000 of all kinds of notes. With this amount of money in actual circulation, various banking institutions (state, national, private, savings, etc.) have deposits of and given deposit certificates for more than \$4,000,000,000 of "loans and discounts" are considerably in excess of their deposits. With about \$600,000,000 of cash in hand they have given obligatory certificates for nearly eight times as much. The security the depositors have is nominally the bank's cash capital and reserve. In reality their security is notes given by individuals secured by personal indorsement or real estate or chattel mortgages. The government's credit is infinitely better than that of the banks, while security that is safe and reliable to the banks would be equally safe to the government. So much for security.

Now as to cost. The several banking institutions receive at least 10 per cent. upon \$4,000,000,000. This is a charge upon those who have to borrow capital for use in legitimate business enterprises of \$400,000,000 per annum. Assuming that they pay two per cent. on the average for deposits, the banks realize \$380,000,000 annual profit. If the people's banks average upon total deposits of \$4,000,000,000, say 15 per cent. interest, it would amount to \$7,000,000,000. The cost of the banking system could not exceed another one per cent, making in all a total cost to borrowers of \$112,000,000. This is a difference in favor of borrowers of \$287,000,000 to the whole people a difference of \$287,000,000. So much for cost. Yours for government banks.

GEORGE C. WARD.

A GOOD PLAN.

Gen. Weaver's Plan for Raising Campaign Funds—A Levy Upon the Enemy.

Gen. James B. Weaver, Des Moines, Iowa, writes to the National Economist:

"In thinking over the best plan for raising money, now so sorely needed in the campaign, I have been impressed with the following plan: Have our national committee designate a week to be styled 'self-denial week,' during which every person who wishes this movement to be successful will deny himself or herself some luxury, or supposed necessity, for which they are in the habit of expending weekly a sum of money, and at the end of the week, send the sum so saved by self-denial to the treasurer of the national committee. This will extend to the use of tobacco in its various forms, liquors or other articles of daily consumption which the person or family may see fit to abstain from. This ought to raise a very large sum of money, and it would tend to impress upon the whole country the serious character of our movement and the reforms which we advocate. The idea is borrowed from the Woman's Christian Temperance union, who last year raised over a quarter of a million dollars in a single week in that way. If this matter should be promulgated by the committee, and is taken up with zeal by the reform press everywhere, it will yield a large sum. Then the Fourth of July collection added ought to give us a very considerable sum of money.

"This plan also possesses the merit of being a practical levy upon the enemy."

THE BIRMINGHAM CONFERENCE

In National Matters It Declared For the People's Party.

The Birmingham meeting of alliance officials from the states of Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas, Arkansas, Missouri, Tennessee and Kentucky, convened at Birmingham, Ala., on the 8th inst. The object of the meeting was to consult as to the best means of preserving the order from the disorganizing effects of the coming political strife—National Economist.

The plutocratic press, with great unanimity declares that the result of the conference is the death knell of the people's party. As nearly, however, as can be determined in advance of the official publication of the proceedings, the conference merely decided that each state alliance should use its own discretion in their several state campaigns. In national politics the conference pledged the vote of the southern alliances to the people's party, as will be seen by the following associated press report of the final clause of the address:

Finally, brethren, remember that devotion to our principles can only be emphasized and our influence made effective by voting for our demands at the ballot box. We send greeting to the brotherhood in the north and great north-west and assure them that our hearts beat in unison with them in their efforts for industrial freedom and we will stand by them in all laudable efforts to redeem the country from the clutches of organized capital, and that we will stand with them in the ballot box for the enforcement of our demands.

—An equitable system of taxation that will compel men to pay taxes in proportion to their ability to pay is a needed reform that should not be lost sight of.—Our Best Words.

FOUND WANTING.

The People Will Make the Fight For Independence Outside of the Two Old Parties.

The prophecy of the immortal Washington, in regard to the baneful effects of party spirit is rapidly ripening into actuality. A careful review of the course of the dominant parties for the last thirty years will convince the average mind that nothing but Sodom apples have been gathered by the people for all their fealty and firmness to the pretended principles upon which they assume foundation.

Thirty years' rule by republicans have proven them the pliant tool of Wall street gamblers and foreign land barons. Their rule has brought forth a swarm of pestiferous parasites that have fed so long, and grown so large from the earnings of the people, that little less than extermination by force will avail.

By their cruel oppression they have produced a thousand millionaires and millions of paupers. Under the plea of banishing black slavery, they have engrafted upon us a slavery of both white and black that is appalling to consider. Though claiming to be legislators for the welfare of the whole people, they have legislated millions of the common treasure into the coffers of a chosen few. They have created an army of tramps, and brought poverty and ignorance, insanity and crime into the land, where once every hilltop was ornamented with the home of a self-supporting, independent freeman, and every valley echoed with the cheering songs of a satisfied people. By their oppression, the noxious seeds of anarchy and communism have been planted, where once the cherished hope of perpetual freedom, law and order was flourishing. Thirty years of republican rule has well nigh brought the republic to the verge of dissolution.

In their extremity the people thought themselves that a change would be beneficial. Rising in their might, they swept republican rule from our national halls and placed the so-called democracy in charge of affairs. With a great flourish of trumpets and solemn professions of a love for the people—the middle and lower classes of society—they entered upon the work of restoration, so loudly promised and so greatly desired. Four years elapsed without any material changes in the conditions of the people. The public debt continued to pile up. The treasury was looted and squandered as by the predecessor. Wall street and the British lion held fast the financial power of the people. The change that had taken place was only in name—from republican to democrat. The principles and policy remained the same without any material variation. Having tested both the old parties satisfactorily, seeing that no relief can be hoped for from either of them, and learning by experience that promises are empty sounds, the people have determined to make the fight for freedom and right outside of these corrupt organizations, and declare for independent political action.

The small cloud, which two years ago was no larger than a man's hand, has grown ominous and threatening, and is obscuring the whole political sky. From the logging camps in Maine to the cattle ranches of Texas, from the mining fields of Nevada to the orange groves of Florida, the people are organizing with a rapidity hitherto unknown. Though no phreatic purses are loosening their strings to further the movement; though "silver-tongued" orators are conspicuously wanting in their gatherings; though the great metropolitan dailies and learned monthlies are relentless in their denunciations of the men and methods, the work goes bravely on. Like the coral workers in the ocean, no less, yet persistent, they are making themselves felt, wherever the silken folds of the stars and stripes kiss the breezes. Ere long—they will, as "terrible as an army with banners," descend upon their oppressors, and wrest from them the heritage so long withheld. "The mills of the gods grind slowly, but they grind exceedingly fine."—Dallas (Tex.) Southern Mercury.

THE CRIME OF 1873.

Eminent Republican and Democratic Authority For the Use of the Term "Crime."

We have often designated the demonization of silver as a crime against the people. The masses of both parties have thought the same thing, and have demanded that silver be restored to the same money function with gold, and given the same privilege of coinage that it formerly had. Some, because the politicians say so, are beginning to doubt the expediency of silver coinage. We want to give here two extracts from men who have been honored and trusted by their respective parties as few men have:

No greater wrong was ever attempted upon a generous people than the bill of 1873. It was a crime, gold and silver ought to be treated alike. It is amusing to see how English financiers rule us—Edwards Pierpont, a republican congressman from New York; in a speech convention in 1885.

But the crime that is now sought to be perpetrated on more than fifty millions of people comes neither from the camp of a conqueror, nor the hand of a foreigner, nor the altar of an idolater. But it comes from those in whose veins runs the blood of a common ancestry, who were born under the same skies, speak the same language, were reared in the same institutions, and nurtured in the principles of the same religious faith. It comes from the cold, phlegmatic marble heart of avarice—avarice that seeks to impale the whole land on a bed of torture to gratify the lust for gold—avarice surrounded by every comfort that wealth can command, and rich enough to satisfy every want save this which refuses to be satisfied without the suffocation and strangulation of all the labor in the land. With a forehead that refuses to be ashamed, it demands of congress an act that will paralyze all the forces of production, shut out labor from all employment, increase the burden of debts and taxation, and send desolation and suffering into the homes of the poor. In this hour, fraught with peril to the whole country, I appeal to the unpurchased representatives of the American people to meet its bold and insatiable demand like men. Let us stand in the breach and call the battle on, and leave the field until the people's money shall be restored to the mint on equal terms with gold as it was years ago.—Roger Q. Mills, of Texas in Congress, February 3, 1895.

If these men told the truth at the time they spoke, and the world admit they did, those words are truths yet, and no Cleveland letter, or Harrison threat of a veto, or Wall street's bluster, can make them anything else but truths.—Mt. Vernon (Ill.) Progressive Farmer

PEOPLE WHO WRITE.

WHITTIER began earning money as a shoemaker.

The late Amelia B. Edwards was a woman of letters. She was entitled to wear Ph. D., L. H. D. and LL. D. after her name.

TENNYSON hasn't a gray hair on his head. He has never known what it was to have an editor reject his "stuff" or tell him he wasn't buying rot.

EDNA DEAN PROCTOR, the Boston poetess, is a charming woman, just past middle life, with gray hair and a soft voice. She does but little literary work nowadays.

According to a correspondent of the Journalist Lafcadio Hearn, who is now in Japan, whence he is sending sketches to American newspapers, was born in one of the Ionian islands. His mother was a Greek and his father was a surgeon in the British army.

Silk culture will soon be attempted in Jamaica, and efforts are being made to establish essence distilleries, so as to utilize the perfume of the magnificent and varied flowers grown on the island.

Three London doctors have discovered the influenza bacillus.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

By local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; none comes out of them are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free.

P. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, Etc.

The man who strikes an attitude imagines that he is making a great hit—Galveston News.

"Capital punishment," the boy said when the schoolmistress sealed him with the girls.—N. Y. News.

Wrecked Amid the Breakers.

Many a good ship by bad seamanship strikes, sinks and goes down. So many a strong constitution and fine physique are wrecked and become a total loss through neglect of the premonitions of kidney trouble easily remedied at the outset with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. The impetus given to inactive kidneys and bladder by the Bitters, never produces irritation as unmedicated stimulants do, and prevents disease. Take the Bitters in rheumatism, dyspepsia, constipation, malaria, grippe.

MARKET REPORTS.

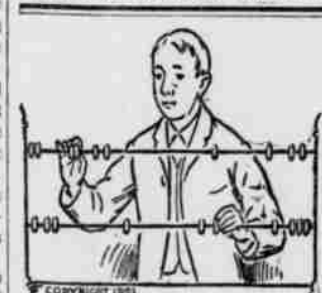
| KANSAS CITY, May 10 | |
|---------------------------|---------------|
| CATTLE—Shipping steers | \$3.20 @ 4.15 |
| Butcher's steers | 2.70 @ 4.00 |
| Native cows | 2.00 @ 3.50 |
| HOGS—Good to choice heavy | 3.80 @ 4.50 |
| WHEAT—No. 2 red | 85 @ 81 |
| No. 2 hard | 75 @ 74 |
| CORN—No. 2 | 30 1/2 @ 30 |
| OATS—No. 2 | 20 @ 20 1/2 |
| RYE—No. 2 | 40 @ 40 1/2 |
| FLOUR—Patents per sack | 2.01 @ 2.51 |
| Floury | 1.91 @ 1.95 |
| HAY—Baled | 5.50 @ 6.50 |
| BUTTER—Choice creamery | 21 @ 31 |
| CHEESE—Full cream | 9 @ 10 |
| EGGS—Choice | 12 @ 12 1/2 |
| BACON—Hams | 19 @ 11 |
| Shoulders | 7 @ 7 1/2 |
| Sides | 9 @ 10 |
| LARD | 7 1/2 @ 8 1/2 |
| POTATOES | 50 @ 75 |

ST. LOUIS.

| | |
|------------------------|----------------|
| CATTLE—Shipping steers | 3.00 @ 4.25 |
| Butcher's steers | 2.40 @ 4.00 |
| HOGS—Packing | 3.00 @ 4.75 |
| SHEEP—Fair to choice | 4.75 @ 5.50 |
| FLOUR—Choice | 3.50 @ 4.15 |
| WHEAT—No. 2 red | 85 @ 80 1/2 |
| CORN—No. 2 | 30 1/2 @ 31 |
| OATS—No. 2 | 20 @ 20 1/2 |
| RYE—No. 2 | 75 @ 75 1/2 |
| BUTTER—Creamery | 20 @ 25 |
| PORK | 9 1/2 @ 10 1/2 |

NEW YORK.

| | |
|------------------------|--------------|
| CATTLE—Common to prime | 4.00 @ 4.75 |
| HOGS—Good to choice | 4.50 @ 5.40 |
| FLOUR—Good to choice | 3.50 @ 5.00 |
| WHEAT—No. 2 red | 95 @ 97 1/2 |
| CORN—No. 2 | 34 @ 34 1/2 |
| OATS—Western mixed | 35 @ 36 1/2 |
| BUTTER—Creamery | 20 @ 25 |
| PORK | 9 50 @ 11 25 |



Copyright 1895

Can be counted on to cure Catarrh—Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. It's nothing new. For 25 years it has been doing that very thing. It gives prompt and complete relief—but you want more than that. And you get it, with this Remedy—there's a cure that is perfect and permanent. The worst chronic cases, no matter of how long standing, yield to its mild, soothing, cleansing and healing properties. "Cold in the Head" needs but a few applications. Catarrhal Headache, and all the troubles that come from Catarrh, are at once relieved and cured.

You can count on something else, too—\$500 in cash.

You can count on it, but it's more than doubtful whether you earn it.

The proprietors of Dr. Sage's Remedy, in good faith, offer that amount for an incurable case of Catarrh. Don't think that you have one, though.

They'll pay you, if they can't cure you. That's certain.

But they can cure you. That's just about as certain, too. Can you ask more?

FASHION AND FANCY.

STRIPES are being worn at Sing Sing. PUGILISTS are seen in large ring effects.

SOFTER tones are demanded in hand organs.

RAILWAY engines are noticed with demi-train.

Floor pads this year incline to the darker shades.

New garden hose appear adorned with a slight spray.

LARGE figures will be noticeable in bathing suits this summer.

CAN horses seen on our streets recently were very much slashed in the back.

THE fashionable pug dog will appear with short pants during the coming hot season.

WOUND comes from Texas that the latest thing there in horse thieves is looped up with a twisted rope effect.—Dry Goods Bulletin.

REV. DR. BOLTON declares that "one of the best things that can happen to a minister is to have a fire in his study every ten years, which will burn up every scrap, manuscript and sermon he has."

The Only One Ever Printed—Can You Find the Word?

There is a 10 inch display advertisement in this paper, this week, which has no two words alike except one word. The same is true of each new one appearing each week, from The Dr. Harter Medicine Co. This house place a "Crescent" on everything they make or publish. Look for it, send them the name of the word and they will return you a book, beautiful lithographs or samples free.

A LITTLE Boston girl complains because she can't find anything about the dates of the anura in the almanacs.

The crookeder a man can make other people look the straighter he thinks he is himself.

THERE is always better fishing on the other side of the river.

"A woman to the wise is sufficient," but it is not always wise to say that word to one who is suffering the tortures of a headache. However, always risk it and recommend Brandywine. All druggists, 50c.

You can't hurt an armless man, because he can't feel anything.

The proper thing for a jury is to be firm, but not fixed.

SCATTERS FROM COUGHS, SORE THROAT, etc., should try "Brown's Bronchial Troches," a simple but sure remedy. Sold only in boxes. Price 25 cts.

A TRAMP will beat a railroad, but not a car.

BRECHAM'S PILLS are a painless and effective remedy for all bilious disorders. 50 cents a box. For sale by all druggists.

Some boys' fishing excursions turn to walling on their return home.

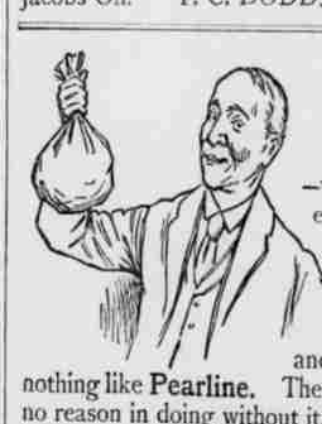
LADIES can permanently beautify their complexion with Glenn's Sulphur Soap. Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, 50 cents.

St. Jacobs Oil

AFTER 22 YEARS.

Newton, Ill., May 23, 1888.

From 1863 to 1885—about 22 years—I suffered with rheumatism of the hip. I was cured by the use of St. Jacobs Oil. T. C. DODD.



nothing like Pearline. There's no reason in doing without it.

Beware

Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you, "This is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, if your grocers send you an imitation, be honest—and it's back.

JAMES FILL, New York.

THE POT INSULTED THE KETTLE BECAUSE THE COOK HAD NOT USED

SAPOLIO

GOOD COOKING DEMANDS CLEANLINESS.

SAPOLIO SHOULD BE USED IN EVERY KITCHEN.

LOVELL DIAMOND CYCLES \$85

For Ladies and Gents. Six styles in Pneumatic Cushion and Solid Tires. Diamond Frame, Steel Drop Fenders, Tubing, Adjustable Ball Bearings to all running parts, including Pedals, Suspension Saddle. Strictly HIGH GRADE in Every Particular. Send 6 cents in stamps for our 100-page illustrated catalogue of Guns, Rifles, Revolvers, Sporting Goods, etc. Bicycle Catalogue FREE.

JOHN P. LOVELL ARMS CO., Mfrs., 147 Washington St., BOSTON, MASS.

Test of your Water COAT

POUR some water in the sleeve holding the coat and let it hang over the edge of the tub. If the water runs down the sleeve, the coat is good. If it runs down the body, the coat is bad. There are goods in the market that look very nice but will leak at every seam. We warrant TOWERS' IMPROVED Fish Brand Slicker to be water tight at every seam and everywhere else; also not to peel or stick, and authorize our dealers to make good any Slicker that fails in either point.

Watch Out for the Soft Woolen Collar and Fish Brand Trade Mark.

A. J. TOWER, Mfr., Boston, Mass.

RISE SUN STOVE POLISH

DO NOT BE DECEIVED with Paste, Kerosene, and Paints which stain the hands, injure the iron, and burn the clothes. The Rising Sun Stove Polish is Brilliant, Odorless, Durable, and the consumer pays for no tin or glass package with every purchase.

"August Flower"

Eight doctors treated me for Heart Disease and one for Rheumatism, but did me no good. I could not speak aloud. Everything that I took into the Stomach distressed me. I could not sleep. I had taken all kinds of medicines. Through a neighbor I got one of your books. I procured a bottle of Green's August Flower and took it. I am to-day stout, hearty and strong and enjoy the best of health. August Flower saved my life and gave me my health. Mrs. Sarah J. Cox, Defiance, O.

DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC

THE ONLY TRUE IRON TONIC

Will purify BLOOD, regulate KIDNEYS, restore LIVER, disperse, build strength, renew appetite, restore health and Vigor of youth. Dyspepsia, Indigestion, that tire-feel, absolutely eradicated. Much improved, brain power increased, nerves, muscles, restore new force.

LADIES suffering from complaints peculiar to their sex, using it, find a safe, steady cure. Restore bloom on cheeks, beautify complexion. Sold everywhere. All genuine goods bear "Green's" seal and 2-cent stamp